Table 1: **p17**

HXB2 Location	Author Location	Sequence	Immunogen	Species(HLA)	References
p17(21–35)	 p17(21–35 SF2) LRPGGKKKYKLKHIV HIV-1 infection human(DR13.02) [Harcourt1998] 43 asymptomatic HIV+ individuals were screened for proliferative responses to HIV – 12 showed a response, and dominant epitopes were mapped for two individuals, one in p24 and one in p17 Patient 024's naturally occurring variant LRPGGKKKYQLKHIV also elicited a strong proliferative response. Other variants of this epitope were found within the individual who made this response – several did not stimulate the CD4+ T-cell line that recognized the index peptide, suggestive of immune escape 				
p17(22–29)		RPGGKKKY? liferation in HIV-infected done ide as p24(22-29), but we plac		human()	[Schrier1989]
p17(33–47)	. '	HIVWASRELERFAVN?	HIV-1 infection cell responses – 57% of 90 HIV+ p	human() people had a T-cell respor	[Wahren1989, Wahren1989a] use to this peptide
p17(93–107)	p17(93–107 IIIB B10) • 12 gag and 18 env T-0	EIKDTKEALDKIEEE	HIV-1 infection	human()	[Wahren1989, Wahren1989a]
p17(118–132)	p17(118–132 IIIB B10) • 12 gag and 18 env Th	AAADTGHSSQVSQNY cell sites were identified that	HIV-1 infection could commonly evoke T-cell resp	human()	[Wahren1989, Wahren1989a]